

Characteristic properties

The ISE485 probe combines an ion-selective electrode with a reference electrode and measuring electronics controlled by a microprocessor into one compact unit.

In order not to influence the measured quantity by the action of earth currents and induced interference potentials, the measuring circuits, including the electrode itself, are galvanically separated from the communication and power supply cable of the probe.

Overview of available ISE electrodes

The ISE485 probe may contain one of the following ionselective electrodes:

\checkmark	Ammonium	NH₄⁺	\checkmark	Cyanide	CN ⁻
\checkmark	Barium	Ba ²⁺	\checkmark	Lithium	Li⁺
\checkmark	Bromide	Br	\checkmark	Cooper	Cu²+
\checkmark	Potassium	K⁺	\checkmark	Lead	Pb²⁺
\checkmark	Nitrate	NO₃⁻	\checkmark	Rhodanide	SCN ⁻
\checkmark	Fluoride	F ⁻	\checkmark	Sulfide	S ²⁻
\checkmark	Fluoroborate	BF+4	\checkmark	Sodium glass	Na⁺
\checkmark	Chloride	Cl	\checkmark	Silver	Ag⁺
\checkmark	Perchlorate	CIO4	\checkmark	Calcium	Ca²⁺
\checkmark	lodide	J ⁻			

The combined ISE electrodes listed use a plastic membrane with an ionophore or an inorganic membrane. Only the sodium electrode uses a glass membrane sensitive to sodium ions.

The corresponding type of calibration solution can be ordered together with the ISE485 probe.

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FIEDLER AMS s.r.o.

Lipová 1789/9, 370 05 Ceske Budejovice, Czech Republic Tel.: +420 386 358 274, e-mail: prodej@fiedler.company

- Basic element for creating RS485 sensor network for PLCs, data loggers and online loT systems (Lora, Sigfox, NB, GPRS)
- Accurate measurement of ion-selective potential without additional transducers
- Combination electrodes with a reference electrode in one body
- Electrodes with plastic membrane with ionophore or inorganic membrane.
- Calibration coefficients stored in the probe
- Measuring ranges -2000 mV to +2000 mV; -5 to +50 °C
- Galvanically separated communication and power supply circuits from the measuring electrode
- Wide supply voltage range from 5 to 24 V DC, low current consumption
- Low purchase price
- Variant design of probes for measuring pH (PH485) and redox potential (ORP485)

Mechanical design ISE485

The body of the ISE485 probe contains a G 3/4 "mounting thread on the electrode side (for mounting the probe in the piping system) and on the cable outlet side (mounting the probe in a holder or sensor).

The cable terminated with an M12 connector on the ISE485-KxM12 probe facilitates mounting of the probe in the TS500 (1700) rod holder and allows quick calibration of the probe or easy replacement at the end of life.

Modbus RTU na RS485

The probe output signal uses the widely used RS485 bus on the Modbus RTU protocol. Via this bus, the probes can be connected at a distance of up to 500 m directly to the control system, display or data logger. In addition to the magnitude of the measured ion-selective voltage on the 1st internal channel, the measured water temperature on channel 2 can be read from the probe.

The four-core connection and power cable allows easy creation of a sensor network thanks to the possibility of addressing each probe. Thus, several probes of one type or several similar probes for monitoring several quantities can be connected to one RS485 bus - eg PH485 probes for pH measurement or ORP485 type probes for oxidation-reduction potential measurement.

ISE485 probes can also be calibrated using the RS485 communication bus. The calibration coefficients stored in the probe allow the probes to be calibrated in the laboratory, and in the field all you have to do is connect the probe back to the measuring network.



/* For an overview of Modbus RTU registers for ISE485 probes, see the application notes at www.fiedler.company

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